

## open science (no reading) reading list

1. **Open Science YouTube playlist of the Society for Personality and Social Psychology** <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1rFWeTryiW4&list=PLtAL5tCifMi5zG70dsIERYcGApAQcvj1s>

[v=1rFWeTryiW4&list=PLtAL5tCifMi5zG70dsIERYcGApAQcvj1s](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1rFWeTryiW4&list=PLtAL5tCifMi5zG70dsIERYcGApAQcvj1s)

Topics include: A general introduction, Preregistration and Registered Reports, Power Analysis and Sample Size Decisions, Replication, and Data Sharing and Open Data

2. **Centre for Open Science YouTube channel** <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCGPIVf8FsQ23BehDLFrQa-g>

There are lots of resources. Perhaps a good place to start:

OSF 101 (How to use the Open Science Framework [osf.io](https://osf.io) , set up and manage projects)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dLElhJESIQA>

Preregistration on OSF: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5GRliQncOdw>

3. **Open Science Training Initiative Lectures** <http://www.opensciencetraining.com/movielist.php>

For instance:

OSTI Lecture 1: Reproducibility and Open Science

OSTI Lecture 4: Data Management Planning

OSTI Lecture 5: The Changing Face of Publication

4. **ReproducibiliTea Podcast** <https://soundcloud.com/reproducibilitea>

Early career researchers talking about doing open science and why it's the right thing.

Check out their Twitter as well: @ReproducibiliT

5. Want to learn R but don't want to spend a lot of money on a course: **Learn R, in R, for free: swirlstats.com**

(I, Sandy, am currently working through the course, and it's fantastic!)

6) Finally, a nice simulation to see **when a significant p-value actually indicates a true effect** (and when it doesn't). [http://shinyapps.org/showapp.php?app=https://](http://shinyapps.org/showapp.php?app=https://tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/)

[tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/](https://tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/)

[PPV&by=Michael%20Zehetleitner%20and%20Felix%20Schönbrodt&title=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?](https://shinyapps.org/showapp.php?app=https://tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/PPV&by=Michael%20Zehetleitner%20and%20Felix%20Schönbrodt&title=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?)

[&shorttitle=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-](https://shinyapps.org/showapp.php?app=https://tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/PPV&by=Michael%20Zehetleitner%20and%20Felix%20Schönbrodt&title=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?&shorttitle=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?)

[value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?](https://shinyapps.org/showapp.php?app=https://tellmi.psy.lmu.de/felix/PPV&by=Michael%20Zehetleitner%20and%20Felix%20Schönbrodt&title=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?&shorttitle=When%20does%20a%20significant%20p-value%20indicate%20a%20true%20effect?)

When does a significant p-value indicate a true effect? shiny app. (c) by Michael

Zehetleitner and Felix Schönbrodt

7) And, for everyone who should be writing: Use <http://statcheck.io> to **check** a PDF, DOCX or HTML file for **errors in statistical reporting**